26th World Gas Conference

1 - 5 June 2015 - Paris, France



TS. PGC A 1

CCS development and gas vs coal for power generation

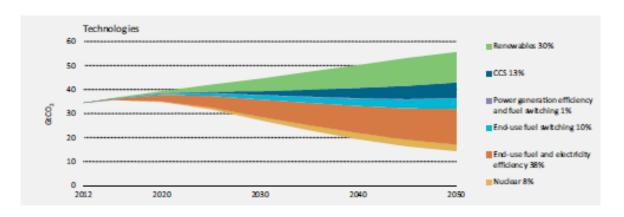
Dominique Copin CCS coordinator

Total



CCS AND CLIMATE CHANGE MITIGATION

Contribution of technology area to global cumulative CO2 emissions reductions between 6DS and 2DS



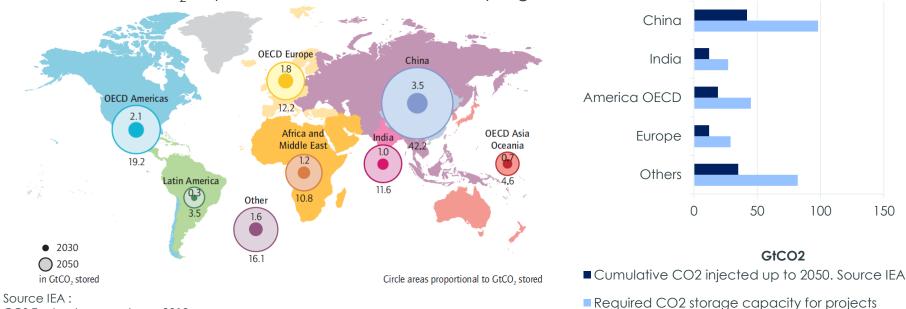
Source IEA Energy Technology Perspectives 2015

CCS: a potential significant contributor to climate change mitigation

Power generation: ~ 40% of CCS developments

STORAGE CAPACITY

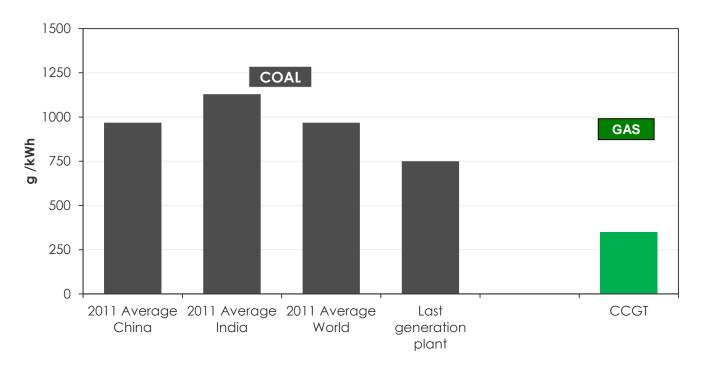
IEA: cumulative CO₂ captured 2015-30 and to 2050, by region in the 2DS



CCS Technology roadmap 2013

Will there be enough storage capacity in all the large emitting areas?

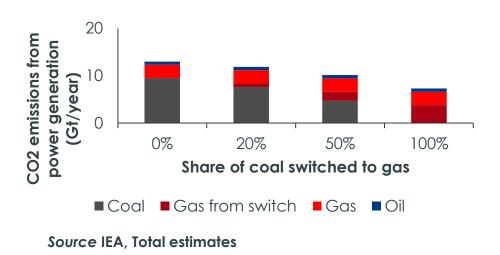
EMISSIONS DUE TO POWER GENERATION: GAS VERSUS COAL



Source IEA CO₂ emission from fuel combustion 2013, Total estimates

Emissions from gas power generators are significantly lower than from coal

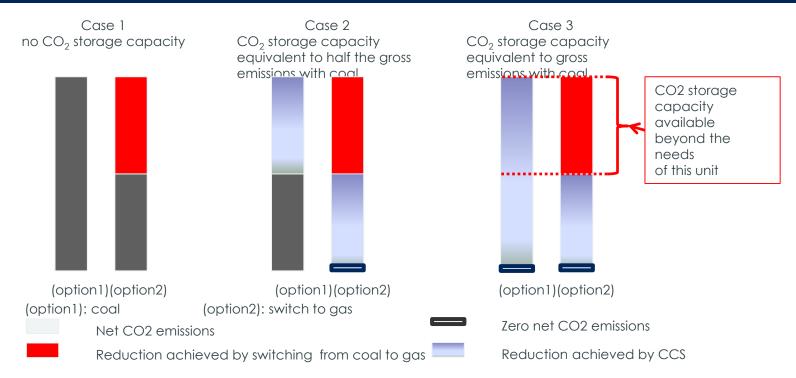
THE POTENTIAL WORLDWIDE IMPACT OF A SWITCH FROM COAL TO GAS FOR POWER GENERATION



The total theoretical worldwide impact on CO₂ emissions of a full switch from coal to gas for power generation would be around minus 5 GtCO₂/year



CO2 EMISSIONS REDUCTION IN CASE OF INSUFFICIENT STORAGE CAPACITY



Switching to gas and installing CCS on gas: a winning strategy

CONCLUSIONS

 The merits of a strategy based on switching from coal to gas are potentially very significant

 Assessment of regional storage capacity is essential to evaluate the impact of a CCS strategy in the context of coal- or gas-fired power generation.